

CAMNES

CENTER FOR ANCIENT MEDITERRANEAN
AND NEAR EASTERN STUDIES



LdM

The Italian
International
Institute

Lorenzo de' Medici

COURSE OFFERINGS

**HOLIDAYS-ON
ARCHAEOLOGY**

2016 / 2017 EDITION



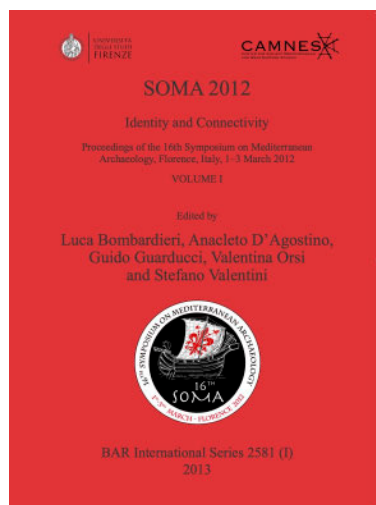
Recently published:



Le Necropoli Etrusche di Macchia della Riserva a Tuscania 1. Pian delle Rusciare. (SANEM 1) Studies on the Ancient Near East and the Mediterranean 1

Stefano Giuntoli

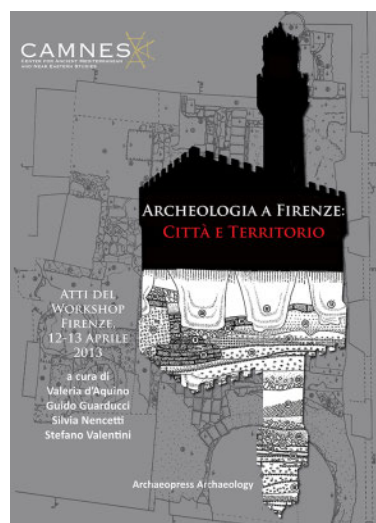
Arbor Sapientiae (Roma)



SOMA 2012. Identity and Connectivity. Proceedings of the 16th Symposium on Mediterranean Archaeology, Florence, Italy, 1-3 March 2012 **Volume I and Volume II**

Edited by Luca Bombardieri, Anacleto D'Agostino, Guido Guarducci, Valentina Orsi e Stefano Valentini

BAR International Series, Archaeopress (Oxford)



Archeologia a Firenze: Città e Territorio. Atti del Workshop. Firenze, 12-13 Aprile 2013

Edited by Valeria d'Aquino, Guido Guarducci, Silvia Nencetti, Stefano Valentini

Archaeopress Archaeology (Oxford)



CAMNES - Lorenzo de' Medici Partnership

The Center for Ancient Mediterranean and Near Eastern Studies (CAMNES) coordinates and supervises the new Ancient Studies Department of the Italian International Institute Lorenzo de' Medici (LdM). CAMNES and LdM are creating a new approach for education and scientific research in the field of the ancient cultures of the Mediterranean and Near East.

CAMNES explores the etymological and cultural meaning of archaeology. This is the study of *arkaios* "ancient" and *arké* "beginning" of civilizations: their roots, their correlations and their heritage. These paramount elements generated the cultural aspects of our modern civilizations.

The main objective of this collaboration is to create an educational and research environment where students and scholars discover and learn about the ancient past. Through a strong network of institutions and universities in the Mediterranean and Near Eastern regions,

CAMNES promotes an archaeological research program that includes courses, events, seminars, conferences, exhibitions, publications, and actively involves students, researchers, professionals and the broad public. Most importantly, CAMNES and LdM take part in a variety of excavation projects in different countries. CAMNES is proud to combine technical and theoretical expertise with an informed approach to the "clash" between modern Western and Eastern cultures.

Excavation and learning experiences are accomplished through an innovative and dynamic itinerant approach. The students experience the environment of world renowned cities of Italy: Florence, Rome and Tuscania. Furthermore, they have the opportunity to be involved in a variety of digs including Italy (Etruscan, Roman and prehistoric cultures), Jordan (Petra and Shawbak) and in upcoming projects in Turkey (preclassical civilizations) and Armenia (Late Bronze-Iron Age cultures).



Archaeology and Ancient Studies

CAMNES is an international Center for the archaeological research, academic education, and protection of the ancient Mediterranean and the Near East

The Philosophy and Our Mission

For more than a century, archaeology has had a strong division between scholars from both the Mediterranean area and the Ancient Near East. In recent years, the development of research techniques and analytical models of archaeological evidence have identified similar historical paths in both areas of the ancient world. Therefore, a new concept of archaeology of the Mediterranean and the Near East has created a collaboration between these two diverse cultures.

A broader geographical and intercultural perspective now gives the possibility to reconstruct social and ideological dynamics and distinguish between elements produced by local civilizations and influenced by other cultures. This archaeological approach concerning the "East and West" issue is essential to unite different cultures that share similar roots and descended from one another.

CAMNES aims to achieve an international project of scientific distinction. This includes overcoming traditional

traditional geographic boundaries by creating a network of public and private institutions and universities involved in education and scientific research both in Italy and in the Mediterranean and Middle Eastern regions.

The Center for Ancient Mediterranean and Near Eastern Studies also works towards public archaeology. This is an approach inspired by the Anglo-Saxon school focused on the communication and the enhancement of the archaeological heritage.

In accordance to this, CAMNES is developing new study programs and a School of Archaeological Heritage Management with international partners from public and private institutions in the UK, Czech Republic, Turkey and Italy. This is a key feature for developing new archaeological projects that will involve and benefit the public. Also this will provide interest from governments in this area and will successfully build investments for our archaeological and cultural patrimony.

Tuscania Archaeology Field School

The Etruscan necropolis at Tuscania is part of an excavation project coordinated by CAMNES through an official grant of the Italian Ministry of Heritage and Cultural activities.



CAMNES – LdM Academic Offering

Archaeology Field School at Tuscania (Italy, 4 Weeks)

The archaeological area of Tuscania is composed of necropolises distributed around the modern town, which is believed to be an ancient settlement. LdM started to investigate two newly discovered "cities of the dead", Pian delle Rusciare and Podere Pratino in 2005, with the recent support of CAMNES. Both necropolises are from the 3rd-2nd century BC and have ipogee tombs. In these underground environments, Etruscans buried their dead and deposited their belongings when celebrating funerary rituals. Many tombs had been violated over the years; however several have been left intact revealing an incredible number of ancient artifacts. One tomb held 47 graves with a total of 450 objects that LdM students and CAMNES are currently restoring in the 'Archaeology Workshop' course in Florence.

CAMNES and LdM practice a new approach in studying and understanding ancient cultures by offering archaeological field schools in Italy and within the Mediterranean and Near Eastern areas. Participants in the field schools gain knowledge through a unique experience.

Under the guidance of professional archaeologists, students learn modern research methodologies and techniques through lectures, on-site digging and data recording.

Through lessons and site/museum visits, students learn the cultural aspects (archaeology, art, history, religion, etc.) of the ancient societies. They also discover how these civilizations produced the architecture and thousand year old artifacts that are unearthed during the students' excavation process.

Meeting with local students and visiting different places of historic and cultural relevance, students are exposed to the contemporary cultural trends and become familiar with the lifestyle aspects of the host country.

The archaeology field schools are a full immersion in a professional environment, including lessons inherent to the ancient cultures and delivering hands-on experience. The number of participants is limited, to ensure the high standard of these programs.

New Courses offered within the Archaeology and Classical Studies Department

Exciting new courses are being offered within the Department of Archaeology and Classical Studies at LdM.

'*Heritage in Conflict and Heritage for Peace*', which is organized under the Florence UNESCO patronage, delivers a unique opportunity for students to learn about the modern issues of cultural heritage under conflict and the consequent illicit traffic as well as the valuable contribution of the concept of 'peace through culture', as formulated by Nicholas Roerich. '*Classical World Civilization*' will enable students willing to learn more about Italy's and Europe's ancient past, to understand the history and art of the Etruscans, Greeks and Romans within their context. '*Animals in Antiquity*' focuses on the life, the symbolic aspects, the art and the interaction of animals and humans during our ancient past. A detailed perspective on Italy's most ancient civilization is offered by '*The "Mysterious People of Ancient Italy: In*

Search of the Etruscans'. Moreover, in collaboration with the staff of the LABANOF center of the University of Milano, CAMNES and LdM are proud to offer a course on the cutting edge techniques and procedures of '*Physical and Forensic Anthropology*' analysis.

Introducing the new editorial series 'Studies on the Ancient Near East and Mediterranean (SANEM)'

The first issue of the new SANEM series (details on the first page) published by Arbor Sapientiae and curated by CAMNES is dedicated to the archaeological excavations that LdM has conducted since 2005 (with CAMNES since 2010) at the Etruscan necropolises of 'Pian delle Rusciare' near Tuscania (Italy). The Etruscan graves, which were excavated by the LdM Archaeology Field School students in July, have returned a wealth of bronze, and ceramic objects, which are now finally published in this comprehensive volume after ten years of research.



'Heritage in Conflict and Heritage for Peace'

with

UNESCO
United Nations
Educational, Scientific and
Cultural Organization

UNESCO PATRIMONIO MONDIALE
HERITAGE - PATRIMOINE MONDIAL

Centro Storico di Firenze
Inscritto nella Lista del Patrimonio Mondiale nel 1982

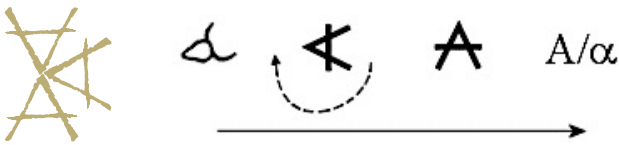
Lorenzo de' Medici - CAMNES
Department of Ancient Studies (ANC)

COURSE	LOCATION
The Age of the Heroes: the Iliad, Odyssey, Aeneid and the Origins of Western Literature ANC 306 / LIT 306	Florence, Rome
Ancient Rome ANC 210 / HIS 200	Florence, Rome
Animals in Antiquity ANC 234	Florence, Rome
Archaeology Field School: Tuscania (Italy) - 4 Weeks ANC / ANT / HIS 282-283	Tuscania (Summer 2 - July)
Archaeology of Italy: From Constantine to Charlemagne ANC 298	Tuscania
Archaeology of Death ANT / ANC 302	Florence
Archaeology Workshop ANC / ANT / RES 193	Florence
Art and Architecture of Ancient Rome ART 315 / ANC 318	Rome
Classical World Civilizations ANC / HIS 205	Florence
Co(ok)quinarius: Ancient Sources of Italian Cousine NUH / ANT / ANC 264	Florence
Ancient Egypt ANC 255	Florence
Etruscan and Roman Civilizations ANC 245	Tuscania
Florentia: The Ancient Roots of Florence ANC / HIS 215	Florence
Greek and Roman Mythology ANC 310	Florence, Rome
Heritage in Conflict and Heritage for Peace ART / RES / ANC 274 - <i>Under UNESCO Florence patronage</i>	Florence
Magna Graecia: Ancient Greeks in Italy ANC / HIS 346	Florence
Physical and Forensic Anthropology ANT 284	Florence
The 'Mysterious' People of Ancient Italy: In Search of the Etruscans ANC / HIS 218	Florence
Underground Rome: The Christian Catacombs ANC 205	Rome

Further Details on CAMNES

The Logo

The CAMNES logo shows the evolution of the ancient symbol/letter "Aleph", that represents the common roots of the Mediterranean and Near Eastern worlds.



The origin of the aleph is the early pictograph version that symbolized a bull or an ox (top part of logo), in ancient Egypt. The Aleph then evolved in the Canaanite alphabet that was used in Phoenician and Old Hebrew (right part of logo). Presently, the letter "A" has remained the same as its last stage in ancient Greek, Roman, and Etruscan alphabets (bottom part of logo). The Aleph fully embodies our philosophy, as one of the bridging aspects of Western and Eastern cultures, belonging to Hebrew, Etruscan, Arabic, Greek, Latin, Aramaic, Canaanite, Phoenician and many other ancient and modern languages.

The Network

CAMNES and its scientific committee are connecting an international network of professionals and institutions to develop communication and synergy in joint archaeological projects.

Several countries, including Jordan, Turkey, Syria, Armenia, Italy, United Kingdom, and United States, are helping and actively participating in this growing vision of the ancient and contemporary Mediterranean and Near East.

Students, researchers and teachers gain access to international experiences, through the exchange of technical skills, scientific research and knowledge of ancient roots and opportunities for the future. The key for future development is the empowerment of people having access and understanding the past and its material culture. For this reason, CAMNES promotes public archaeology and archaeological management.

The Center for Ancient Mediterranean and Near Eastern Studies is actively collaborating with the University of

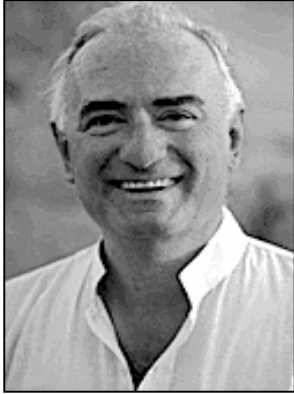
Florence, whose members are part of the CAMNES Scientific Committee.

Starting in 2010, CAMNES has been the official partner of the excavation project of the University of Florence at Erimi-Laonin Tou Porakou (Cyprus) and in 2013 at Petra (Jordan). In March 2012 CAMNES and the University of Florence organized the 16th SOMA (Symposium on Mediterranean Archaeology) in Florence with more than 350 participants. The proceedings have been published in 2013 with Archaeopress (Oxford). In February 2012, together with researchers from the University of Siena, CAMNES organized the 1st Roundtable on the Middle Paleolithic of Italy. In 2015 CAMNES organized together with the Egyptian Museum and the University of Florence the 11th International Congress of Egyptologists. A new archaeological project in Turkey with the University of Bologna will be activated in 2017.

The poster features a central illustration of an ancient Egyptian scene with figures in traditional attire. Text on the poster includes:

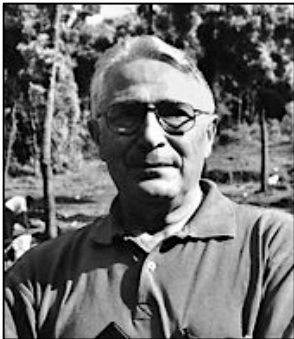
- REGIONE TOSCANA (top left)
- COMUNE DI FIRENZE (top right)
- INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF EGYPTOLOGISTS XI (center, circular logo)
- MUSEO EGIZIO FIRENZE (center, circular logo)
- FLORENCE - ITALY 23-30 AUGUST 2015 (center, circular logo)
- INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF EGYPTOLOGISTS XI (center, text)
- Florence, Italy 23 - 30 August 2015 (center, text)
- MUSEO EGIZIO FIRENZE (center, text)
- EGYPTIAN MUSEUM FLORENCE (center, text)
- www.icel1florence.org (center, text)
- Ministero dei beni e delle attività culturali e del turismo, Soprintendenza per i beni archeologici della Toscana (bottom left)
- UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE (bottom center)
- SAGAS (bottom center)
- CAMNES CENTER FOR ANCIENT MEDITERRANEAN AND NEAR EASTERN STUDIES (bottom right)
- VE (bottom right)

The CAMNES Scientific Committee is formed by outstanding scholars who provide a comprehensive coverage of the various areas of interest of the Mediterranean and Near Eastern ancient past.



Prof. Giorgio Buccellati

Is Professor Emeritus of Ancient Near East and History of the University of California Los Angeles (UCLA) at the Department of Near Eastern Languages and Cultures and the Department of History (NELC). He is actually the director of the Urkesh-Tell Mozan Excavation Project in Syria. His current areas of research are connected to Archaeological field work in the Khabur region; Computer analysis of Mesopotamian materials; Linguistic analysis of Akkadian and Eblaite; Stratigraphic analysis; Environmental conditions of historical development. He is also Director of the Mesopotamian Lab at Cotsen Institute of Archaeology, and at the IIMAS and IIMAS-Italia. He has published innumerable articles and monographs inherent to Amorites of the Ur III Period, the Cities and Nations of Ancient Syria, Terqa Excavation Reports, Structural Grammar of Babylonian and Mozan Excavation Reports.



Prof. Giovannangelo Camporeale

Is Professor Emeritus of Etruscology and Italic Antiquities, University of Florence, and Chairman of the Istituto Nazionale di Studi Etruschi ed Italici. He is the author of several ground-breaking publications, including *La tomba del Duce* (Florence 1967), *I commerci di Vetulonia in età orientalizzante* (Florence 1969), *La Collezione Alla Querce. Materiali archeologici orvietani* (Florence 1970), *Buccheri a cilindretto di fabbrica orvietana* (Florence 1972), and *La caccia in Etruria* (Rome 1984). Over the last three decades, Professor Camporeale has directed excavations at Massa Marittima, an Etruscan mining settlement of the 7th-6th BC century in the heart of metalliferous hills, now coordinated and sponsored by CAMNES and LdM. The results of his campaigns have been published in scientific journals, conferences papers, and monographs: *L'Etruria mineraria* (Florence-Milan 1985), *L'abitato etrusco dell'Accesa* (Rome 1997), and *Il parco archeologico dell'Accesa a Massa Marittima* (Follonica 2000). His most recent books include *Gli Etruschi. Storia e civiltà* (Turin 2000/2004) and *Gli Etruschi fuori d'Etruria* (Verona 2001), which have been translated into German and English, respectively, the last as *The Etruscans Outside Etruria* (Los Angeles 2004). He is a member of various Italian and foreign academies, exhibition committees, and editorial boards.



Prof. Giovanni Alberto Cecconi

Is Associate Professor at the University of Florence in the Department of Antiquity Sciences where he teaches Ancient Roman History and Latin Epigraphy. He worked on imperial history and Late Antiquity, with particular emphasis on administrative history, religion, ideology and issues of power. He has published in Italian and other languages over fifty contributions including monographs, essays, articles, reviews and educational and informative articles. He has taught as Directeur d'Etudes at the Ecole Pratique des Hautes Etudes, Section V, Paris (2002). From 2005-2007, he served as secretary of the Consulting University of Greek and Roman historians.



Prof. Mario Liverani

Professor Emeritus, former professor of History of the Ancient Near East at the University of Rome "La Sapienza" from 1973 to 2011, he was Director of the Institute of Near Eastern Studies (1976-79) of the Department of Antiquity Sciences (1998-2000) and the Interuniversity Research Centre for the civilization and the environment of the ancient Sahara (1997-2006). Doctor *honoris causa* of the University of Copenhagen and the Universidad Autonoma de Madrid, he is also an honorary member of the American Oriental Society, member of the Accademia delle Scienze di Torino, of the Accademia Nazionale dei Lincei and of the *Accademia Europea*. He has organized numerous international scientific meetings and was a member of several archaeological missions: Ebla, Syria (1964-1970), Terqa, Syria (1980-1983), Kurban Hüyük, Turkey (1981), Malatya, Turkey (1982-1995, 2008 -09), Tell Mozan, Syria (1986-1990), Baraqish, Yemen (1990), Acacus, Libya (1997-2004).



Prof. Massimo Cultraro

Is Archaeologist and Senior Researcher at the National Research Council (CNR), Istituto per i Beni Archeologici e Monumentali, Catania (IBAM). Adjunct professor of Aegean Prehistory at the University of Palermo (Italy), he has been *Visiting Professor* at the Brown University, Rhode Island (USA) and is member of the Archaeological Institute of America and member of the Archaeological Society of Athens. His main research field is the archaeology of Minoan Crete, where he worked in Crete in the palatial sites at Haghia Triada and Festos; since 1992 he conducts research in the Bronze Age settlement at Poliochni, in the island of Lemnos (Greece).



Prof. Salima Ikram

Dr. Salima Ikram is Professor of Egyptology at the American University in Cairo, and has worked in Egypt since 1986. She has lived in Pakistan, the US, UK and Egypt. After double majoring in History as well as Classical and Near Eastern Archaeology at Bryn Mawr College (USA), she received her M. Phil. (in Museology and Egyptian Archaeology) and Ph.D. (in Egyptian archaeology) from Cambridge University. She has directed the Animal Mummy Project, co-directed the Predynastic Gallery project, and is Co-director of the North Kharga Oasis Survey. Dr. Ikram has worked on several excavations in Egypt as well as in the Sudan, Greece, and Turkey. Her research interests include death, daily life, archaeozoology, ethnoarchaeology, rock art, experimental archaeology, and the preservation and presentation of cultural heritage. She has lectured on these and other subjects all over the world. Dr. Ikram has written several books (for adults and children) and articles, with subject matters ranging from mummification to the eating habits of the ancient Egyptians. She has also appeared on television.



Prof. Nicola Laneri

Is currently research fellow at the Istituto Italiano per l'Africa e l'Oriente, Adjunct professor at the Università di Catania, and director of the Hirbemerdon Tepe Archaeological Project in southeastern Turkey. He graduated from the Istituto Universitario Orientale di Napoli, has been Research Fulbright Fellow at Columbia University, Visiting Lecturer at the Middle East Technical University in Ankara, and Visiting Fellow at the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago. He has given lectures at numerous international conferences and published more than 50 articles, book chapters and reviews, and is author of the following books: *I costumi funerari lungo la media valle dell'Eufrate durante il III millennio a.C.* (Naples 2004), *Biografia di un vaso: Tecniche di produzione del vasellame ceramico del Vicino Oriente antico tra il V e il II millennio a.C.* (Paestum 2009), and the edited volume, *Performing Death: The Social Analysis of Funerary Traditions in the Ancient Near East and Mediterranean* (Chicago 2007).



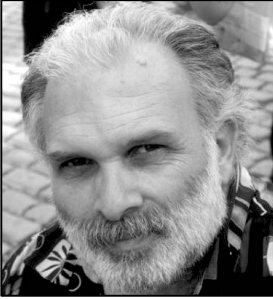
Prof. Chiara Longo – Pecorella †

Chiara Longo-Pecorella has been Associate Professor from 1970 to 2009 at the University of Florence, where she taught Greek History, Greek Antiquities and Greek Epigraphy. Her main research field is Greek Institutions (in particular ostracism) and Greek Law (Athenian and Spartan) in the archaic and classical periods. The results of her investigations have been published in monographs, essays and articles on Italia and international journals.



Prof. Stefania Mazzoni

Is Professor of Near Eastern Archaeology and Phoenician and Punic Archaeology at the University of Florence (Italy). She is Director of the Tell Afis joint project (Universities of Pisa, Bologna and Roma-La Sapienza), member of the Tell Mardikh/Ebla archaeological mission, and has been previously doing fieldwork at other Syrian sites (Tell Frey, Tell Tuqan). She is Director of the Cooperation Programme between the Universities of Damascus and Pisa, and has been organizing international conferences and courses. Her main research field is the archaeology of Syria during the Bronze and Iron Ages. She is the author of 110 scientific contributions, most relevant among which are the monograph: S.M. Cecchini, S. Mazzoni (Edd.), *Tell Afis (Siria). Scavi sull'acropoli 1988-1992. The 1998-1992 Excavations on the Acropolis (Ricerche di Archeologia del Vicino Oriente 1)*, Pisa 1998, and a number of articles about the ceramic and glyptic production of Syro-Palestine in the third millennium BC.

Dr. Vincenzo Palleschi

Is a Senior Researcher of the Italian National Research Council and Qualified Full Professor of “Experimental Physics of Matter”. He is the Head of the Applied and Laser Spectroscopy Laboratory, where new technologies and instrumentation are developed for applications in Industry, Environment, Forensic Science, Bio-medicine, Archaeology and Cultural Heritage. He is Chief Editor of the Journal of Applied and Laser Spectroscopy (JALS), member of the Editorial Advisory Boards of the international journals *Spectrochimica Acta B* and *Reviews in Analytical Chemistry*; has published more than 150 scientific papers that have received over 3300 citations (H-index 32) and the book ‘Laser Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy, Principle and Applications’, Eds. Andrzej Miziolek, Vincenzo Palleschi and Israel Schechter, Cambridge University Press (2006). He gives the courses of ‘Archeometry’ and ‘Analytical Chemistry IV’ at the University of Pisa, ‘Chemical-Physical Methods for the Analysis of Materials’ at Scuola Normale Superiore of Pisa, ‘Physical Methods for Restoration / Multispectral Techniques’ at the University of Turin. He is the coordinator of several national and international projects funded by governmental agencies and industry.

Dr. Gaetano Palumbo


Is Program Director - North Africa, the Middle East and Central Asia - at the World Monuments Fund. He is member of UK/ICOMOS and Honorary Lecturer at the Institute of Archaeology, University College London. His main qualifications are: Integrated management of archaeological sites and cultural resources, Documentation and conservation of archaeological and historic heritage, and Cultural Resources Management. He collaborated with the Getty Conservation Institute, Los Angeles, California, USA (1994-2000), the American Center of Oriental Research, Amman, Jordan (1990-1994) and the Soprintendenza Archeologica di Roma (1982-1984). He was Co-director of 3 major archaeological survey projects in Jordan (1987-2000) and coordinator of rescue excavations in Jordan (1990-1994). As consultant, coordinator and supervisor he was involved in several projects of conservation and management with the UNESCO, the University College London, the World Monuments Fund in Jordan (Petra), Morocco, Turkmenistan, Lebanon (Baalbek and Tyre), Iraq, Ethiopia, and Abu Dhabi. He presented more than 50 papers in conferences and symposia in Europe, America, Asia and Africa. He is the author of approximately 100 contributions in scientific journals and popular press printed in Europe, America, and the Near East, among which are the monographs: *The Early Bronze Age IV in the Southern Levant. Settlement patterns, Economy, and Material Culture of a 'Dark Age'*. CMAO III, Roma: Università di Roma 1991, and *Management Planning for Archaeological Sites* (editor) Los Angeles: Getty 2002.

Prof. Annamaria Ronchitelli

Is Associate Professor of the Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Natural Sciences at the University of Siena. She has been teaching for many years in the field of human paleontology and anthropology. She has participated in numerous conferences, national and international, working in some cases in their organization. Also, she has organized several museum exhibitions. She is the author of over eighty books and publications in national and international journals. She has participated at about a hundred excavations, since 1976, with directive responsibility, especially in southern Italy, on Middle and Upper Paleolithic sites. Some of them are known abroad (Grotta di Castelcivita, Grotta della Cala e Riparo del Molare – prov. di Salerno). She is currently head of research at Grotta Paglicci (Foggia), one of the most important paleolithic sites in the Mediterranean, on which is found the only known evidence of Palaeolithic parietal paintings in Italy.

Prof. Jason Alik Ur

Is Associate Professor in the Department of Anthropology at Harvard University. Professor Ur conducts research in ancient settlement patterns, land use, nomadism, urban origins and landscape archaeology of the Near East using field surveys, excavation techniques, remote sensing technology and CORONA satellite photography. Professor Ur has conducted field work at Tell Brak, Hamoukar, the Tell Beydar region in Syria, as well as the Mughan Steppe in Iran and the Hirbemerdon Tepe in Turkey. In addition, he has engaged in research exploring irrigation landscapes of the Assyrian Empire and ancient communication networks in northern Mesopotamia.



*"Because man can not always create and produce, although this remains the most important thing for him, it gives him joy and satisfaction to seek what is lost, rebuild what is destroyed, order and revive missing things...
That is why all of us together have such great interest in the excavation of buried monuments of the past."*

J. W. Goethe, 'Writings on the Arts'
(1816-1832)

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AND NEAR EASTERN STUDIES

CAMNES Main Office

Via del Giglio, 15
50123 Firenze, Italy
Phone/Fax: (+39) 055.23.99.257
Email: info@camnes.org

www.camnes.org

LdM - Lorenzo de' Medici

The Italian International Institute

LdM Headquarters

Via Faenza, 43
50123 Florence, Italy
Phone: (+39) 055.287.360
Email: info@lorenzodemedici.it
www.ldminstitute.com

LdM Academic Relations & Students Services

3600 Bee Caves Road, Suite 205B
Austin, TX 78746 U.S.A.
Toll free: (+1) 877.765.4LDM (4536)
Phone: (+1) 512.328.INFO (4636)
Fax: (+1) 512.328.4638
Email: info@lorenzodemedici.org
www.lorenzodemedici.org